

## Biological Control of weeds in Romania

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### Abstract

The most troublesome weeds in Romania, along with pathogens and arthropods from these and other weeds, are listed.

### Introduction

Significant results have been obtained with biological control of weeds (Schroeder 1985).

Romania, which has an advanced agriculture, shares this problem, and strives to keep up-to-date, with control options for cultivated weeds. Mechanical (manual and mechanized), and chemical (with a wide scale of native and foreign herbicides) control have been used for many years, but we are increasingly looking to develop biological control of our major pest species. Simultaneously we are introducing integrated control in agroecosystems, using natural enemies as the most important element for management of pathogens, insect pests and weeds in cultivated situations (Perju 1981, Perju *et al.*, 1983, 1984, 1986).

A summary of the limited (but increasing) experience with biological control of weeds in Romania follows.

### Major Crop Weeds and Known Natural Enemies in Romania

Major economically-important weed species in agroecosystems have been surveyed, and potential biological control agents are listed in Table 1.

### Conclusions

Biological control of troublesome weeds is the first priority in integrated control systems for managing agricultural pests. Successful biological control will lead to diminishment or elimination of herbicides which pollute the environment and food.

### References

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**Table 1. Major weed species and natural enemies in Romania (Bontea Vera 1953, 1985, Ceianu and Perju 1987, Perju 1981, Perju et al. 1983, 1986, Salontai and Muntean 1982).**

Weed species	Natural enemy species
<b>Amaranthaceae</b>	
<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> L.	<i>Albugo amarantii</i> (Schw.) Forst. (Peronosporales: Albuginaceae) <i>Peronospora amarantii</i> Găum (Phycomycetes: Peronosporaceae)
<b>Asteraceae</b>	
<i>Arctium lappa</i> L.	<i>Tephritis bardanae</i> Schmk. (Diptera: Tephritidae)
<i>Arctium</i> spp.	<i>Larinus sturnus</i> Schall. (Coleoptera: Curculionidae)
<i>Carduus acanthoides</i> L.	<i>Gymnaetron netum</i> Germ. (Coleoptera: Curculionidae) <i>Larinus carlinae</i> Oliv.
<i>C. nutans</i> L.	<i>L. jaceae</i> F.
<i>Carduus</i> spp.	<i>Rhinocyllus conicus</i> Froelich (Coleoptera: Curculionidae) <i>Eucosma incana</i> Zeller (Lepidoptera: Tortricidae) <i>Myopites blotei</i> Brad. (Diptera: Tephritidae)
<i>Carthamus</i> spp.	<i>Acanthophilus helianthi</i> Rossi. (Diptera: Tephritidae)
<i>Centaurea</i> spp.	<i>A. helianthi</i> <i>Chaetorellia jaceae</i> (Rob.) Desv. (Diptera: Tephritidae) <i>Metzneria neuropterella</i> L. (Lepidoptera: Gelechiidae) <i>Orellia colon</i> Meig. (Diptera: Tephritidae) <i>O. tussilaginis</i> Fab. <i>Urophora aprica</i> Fall. (Diptera: Tephritidae) <i>U. eriolepidis</i> Loew. <i>U. jaceae</i> Her. <i>U. quadrifasciata</i> Meig. <i>U. solstitialis</i> L. <i>U. stylata</i> F.
<i>Cirsium arvense</i> (L.) Scopoli	<i>Puccinia suaveolins</i> Pers. (Teliomycetes: Pucciniaceae)
<i>Cirsium</i> spp.	<i>Larinus sturnus</i> <i>L. turbinatus</i> Gyll. <i>Eucosma incana</i> <i>Orellia colon</i> <i>Tephritis dilacerata</i> Loew. <i>T. heiseri</i> Frfld.
<i>Leontodon</i> spp.	<i>Chaetorellia loricata</i> Rond. <i>Ensina sonchi</i> L. (Diptera: Tephritidae)
<i>Onopordum acanthium</i> L.	<i>Orellia distans</i> Loew. <i>Tephritis postica</i> Loew.
<i>Tussilago farfara</i> L.	<i>Coleosporium tussilaginis</i> (Pers.) Lev. (Basidiomycetes: Coleosporiaceae)
<b>Boraginaceae</b>	
<i>Echium rossicum</i> Y. P. Ghuel	<i>Leptosphaeria dolioides</i> (Auersw.) Karst. (Sphaeriopsidales: Sphaeriopsidaceae)
<i>E. vulgare</i> Y. P. Ghuel	<i>Erysiphe asperifoliorum</i> Grev. (Plectomycetes: Erysiphaceae)
<b>Brassicaceae</b>	
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> (L.) Medic.	<i>Albugo candida</i> (Pers.) Kze. (Phycomycetes: Albuginaceae)
<i>Sinapis arvensis</i> L.	<i>A. candida</i>

Table 1. Continued.

Weed species	Natural enemy species
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> L.	<i>Albugo candida</i>
Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene alba</i> Mill.	<i>Sibinia pellucens</i> Scop. (Coleoptera: Curculionidae) <i>Heliophobus reticulata</i> Goeze. (Lepidoptera: Noctuidae)
<i>Stellaria media</i> (L.) Cyr.	<i>Peronospora media</i> Gaum.
Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex patula</i> L.	<i>Peronospora forinosa</i> (Fr.) Fr.
<i>Chenopodium album</i> L.	<i>P. forinosa</i> <i>P. chenopodii</i> Schlecht.
Convolvulaceae	
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> L.	<i>Erysiphe convolvuli</i> DC. ex. St. Amans
Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i> L.	<i>Uromyces</i> spp. (Teliomycetes: Pucciniaceae)
<i>E. helioscopia</i> L.	<i>Sphaerotheca euphorbiae</i> (Cast.) Salm. (Ustilaginales: Erysiphaceae)
Geraniaceae	
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i> (L.) L'herit.	<i>Limnobius borealis</i> Payk. (Coleoptera: Curculionidae)
Lamiaceae	
<i>Galeopsis tetrachii</i> L.	<i>Erysiphe galeopsidia</i> DC ex Merat.
Poaceae	
<i>Agropyron repens</i> (L.) Beauv.	<i>Puccinia agropyrina</i> Erikss.
<i>Avena fatua</i> L.	<i>Ustilago avenae</i> (Pers.) Jensen (Ustilaginales: Ustilaginaceae)
<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> (L.) Beauv.	<i>Helminthosporium turcium</i> Pass. (Hyphomycetes)
<i>Setaria italica</i> (Poir.) Roem. & Schult.	<i>Ustilago crameri</i> Körn
<i>Sonchus arvensis</i> L.	<i>Bremyia sonchi</i> TK. Saw. (Phycomycetes: Peronosporaceae) <i>Chaetorellia loricata</i> Rond. <i>Ensina sonchi</i> <i>Tephritis crepidis</i> Hend.
<i>S. oleraceus</i> L.	<i>Coleosporium sonchi</i> (Schum.) Lév. (Basidiomycetes: Coleosporiaceae)
Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> L.	<i>Albugo candida</i>
<i>Runex</i> sp.	<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i> DC. ex. St. Awans <i>Gastrophysa viridula</i> Deg. (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae)
Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium aparinae</i> L.	<i>Erysiphe galii</i> (Fuck.) Blum
Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Linaria vulgaris</i> Mill.	<i>Gymnaetron anthyrhini</i> Paykull (Coleoptera: Curculionidae)
Solanaceae	
<i>Solanum nigrum</i> L.	<i>Torula expansa</i> Kze. (Fungi Imperfecti: Dematiaceae)