

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

Fish Passage Guidance

Objectives of Guidance

- Consider our legal authority
- Aid resource managers in making decisions
- Help document decision
- Results in more consistent decisions
- Establishes guidance for complete barriers
- AIS sensitive

Department Authority

Areas for Legal Guidance	Specific Action
I. Department Authority to Regulate Fish Passages.	<i>Ordering Fish Passages</i> <i>NR 40 Invasive Species Regulation</i>
II. Department Authority to Regulate Dams.	<i>Direct Regulation of Dams</i> <i>FERC Dams: Water Quality Certification for Federally Licensed Dam Projects and additional Department involvement</i> <i>Navigable Waters, Harbors, and Navigation</i>
III. Circumstances in Which a Fish Health Certificate May Be Required.	<i>Introduction of Fish or Eggs into the Waters of the State</i> <i>Reintroduction of Fish or Eggs into Original Wild Source</i> <i>Upstream Movement through Passive Fish Passages</i> <i>Upstream Movement through Active Fish Passages</i>

Guidance – Concepts Complete Barrier

1

Complete Barrier
Condition



Regulatory
Decision



Complete Barrier Guidance

AIS below barrier	Type of passage being proposed – Active	Type of passage being proposed - Passive	AIS above barrier
VHS	Fish Health Certificate Required	Deny passage	No VHS above structure
AIS	Assess Risk and Impact on Ecology, Economics, Recreation and Aesthetics	Deny passage	AIS of concern is not present above structure
May or may not be present	If a natural complete barrier is present, passage would not be approved		May or may not be present

*This guidance is for projects that are specifically for fish passage at complete barriers.

A complete barrier is defined as a structure that cannot be crossed by AIS up to the 100 year event.

Guidance – Concepts

Incomplete Barrier



2

Identification of
AIS of concern and
assessment of risk.



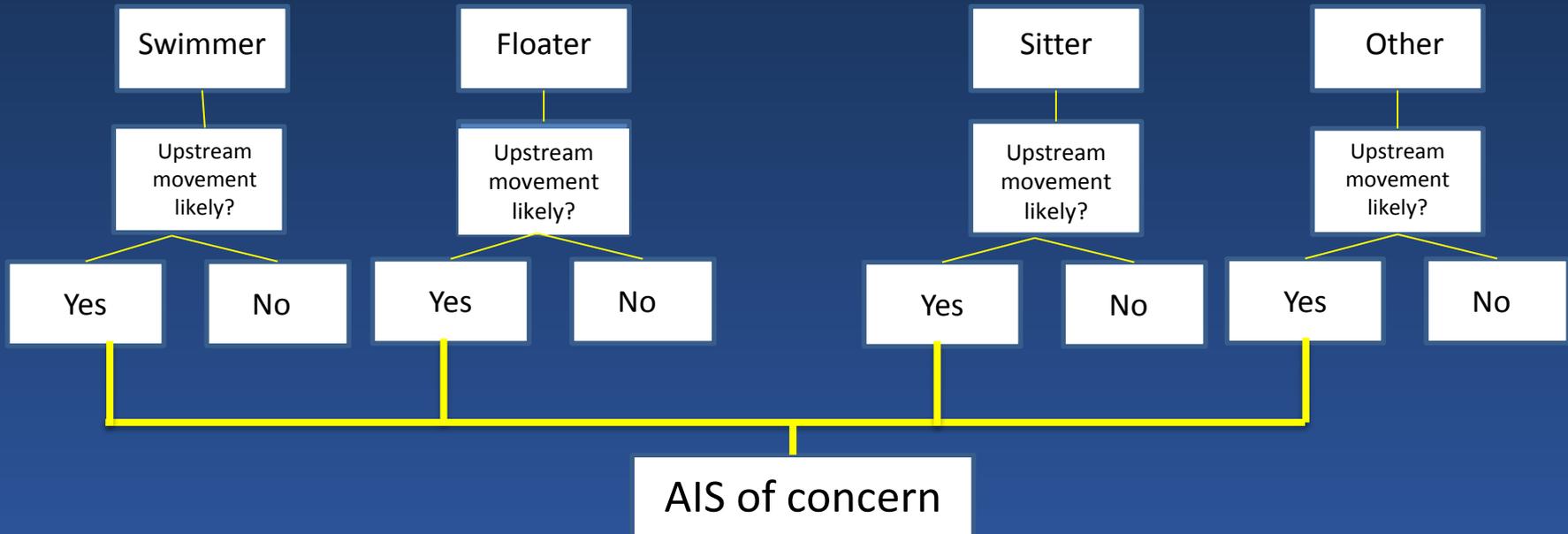
Potential impact
On Ecology, Economy,
Recreation and Aesthetics.



Regulatory
Decision

How to generate the list of AIS to consider.

AIS of Concern
(See ACOE list of AIS in Great Lakes and Mississippi River basins)



List of AIS of Concern: A, B, C, D, etc...

AIS with unknown status.

AIS of concern in basin?

Ability of AIS to survive transit to barrier?

Ability of AIS to become established at barrier?

Ability of AIS to cross barrier as proposed

Ability of AIS to become established upstream of barrier

GLMRIS FORMAT (ANSTF, 1996)

Great Lakes

Mississippi

River

Interbasin

Study

Further evaluate only high and medium risk species.

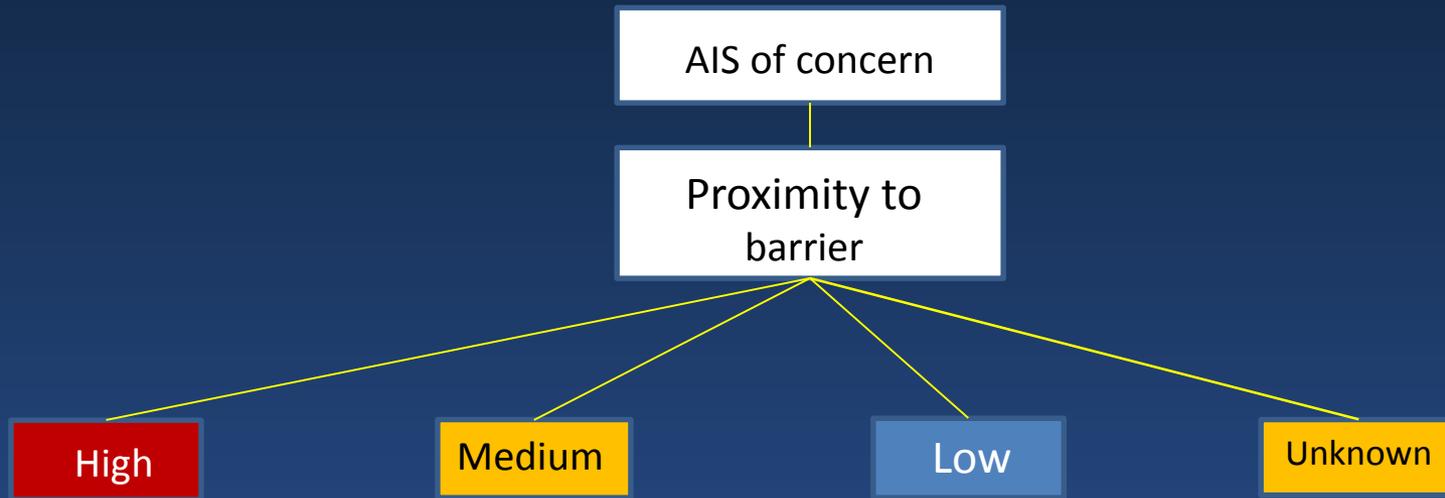
List AIS of concern:

High Risk: Species B, D

Medium Risk: Species C

Low Risk: Species A, F, G, I, J, K, E, H, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U

Evaluate impact of passage on public trust.



-  High Risk – Species common in basin
-  Medium Risk – Species present but not common
-  Low Risk – Species not in basin or already above barrier.

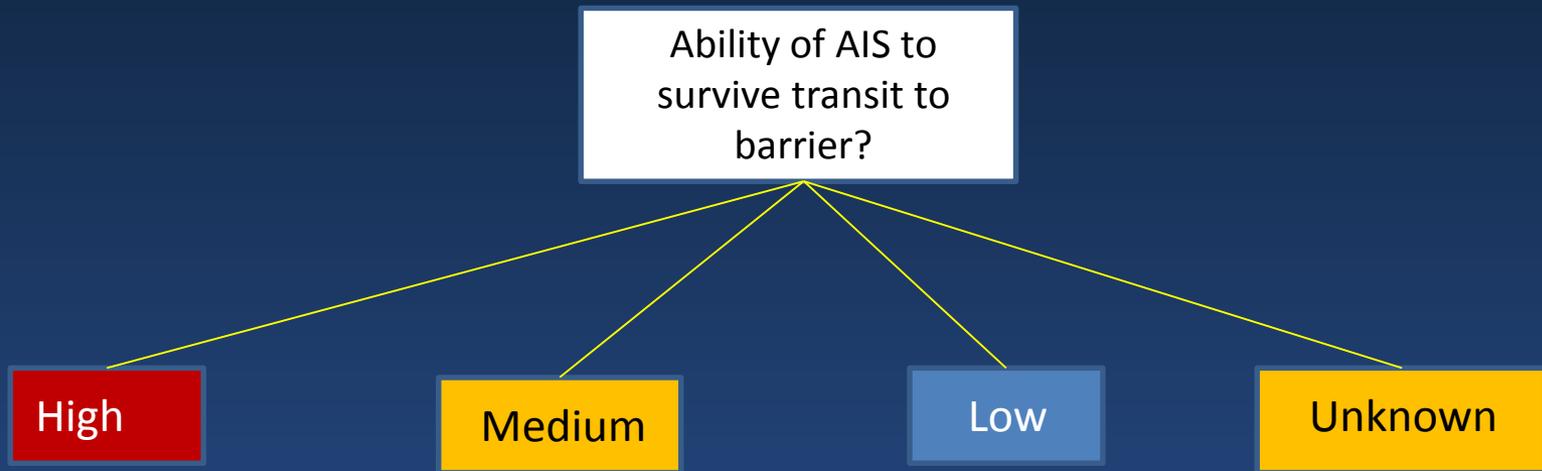
List AIS of concern:

High Risk: Species A, B, C, D, E

Medium Risk: Species F, G, H, I, J, K, L

Low Risk: Species M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U

Carry list of AIS of concern to next page.



-  High Risk – Could reach barrier under all conditions
-  Medium Risk – Could reach barrier under certain circumstances (e.g. Flow)
-  Low Risk - Unlikely to reach barrier

List AIS of concern:

High Risk: Species A, B, D, E

Medium Risk: Species C, F, G, H, L

Low Risk: Species I, J, K, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U

Carry list of AIS of concern to next page.

Ability of AIS to
become established
at barrier?

High

Medium

Low

Unknown

- High Risk – Could establish year round population
- Medium Risk – Could establish seasonal population
- Low Risk – Unlikely to establish population

List AIS of concern:

High Risk: Species A, B, D,

Medium Risk: Species C, F, G,

Low Risk: Species I, J, K, E, H, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U

Carry list of AIS of concern to next page.

AIS ability to cross barrier as proposed

Proposal increases or maintains ability of AIS to cross at 1 – 10 year event

Proposal will increase, decrease or maintain ability of AIS to pass during 10 – 99 year event

Proposal maintains no AIS passage or eliminates passage by AIS

- High Risk – Could establish year round population
- Medium Risk – Could establish seasonal population
- Low Risk – Unlikely to establish population

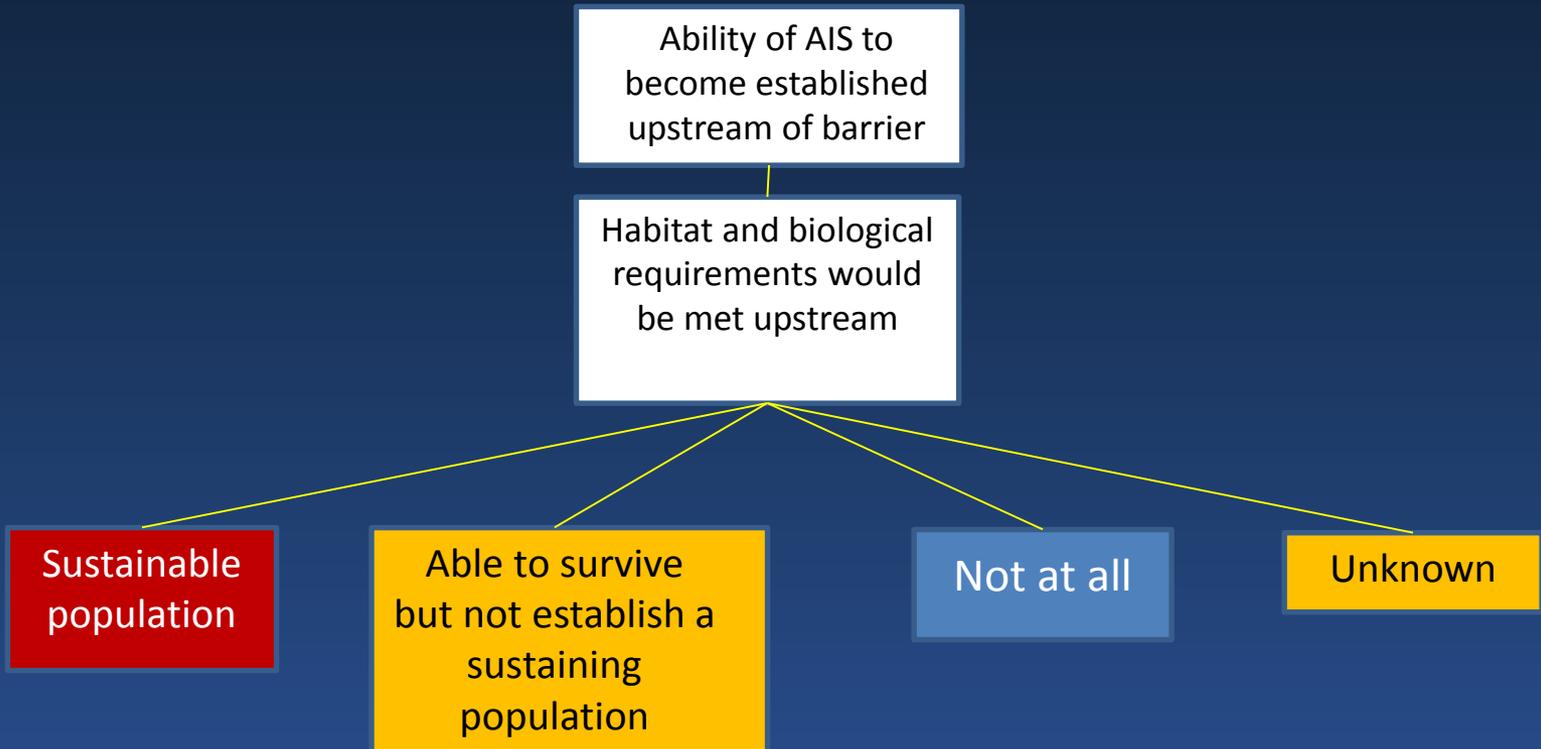
List AIS of concern:

High Risk: Species A, B, D,

Medium Risk: Species C, F, G,

Low Risk: Species I, J, K, E, H, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U

Carry list of AIS of concern to next page.



 High Risk – Able to establish a reproducing, sustainable population upstream of barrier

 Medium Risk – Able to survive upstream but unable to reproduce or establish sustaining population

 Low Risk – Unable to survive or become established

List AIS of concern:

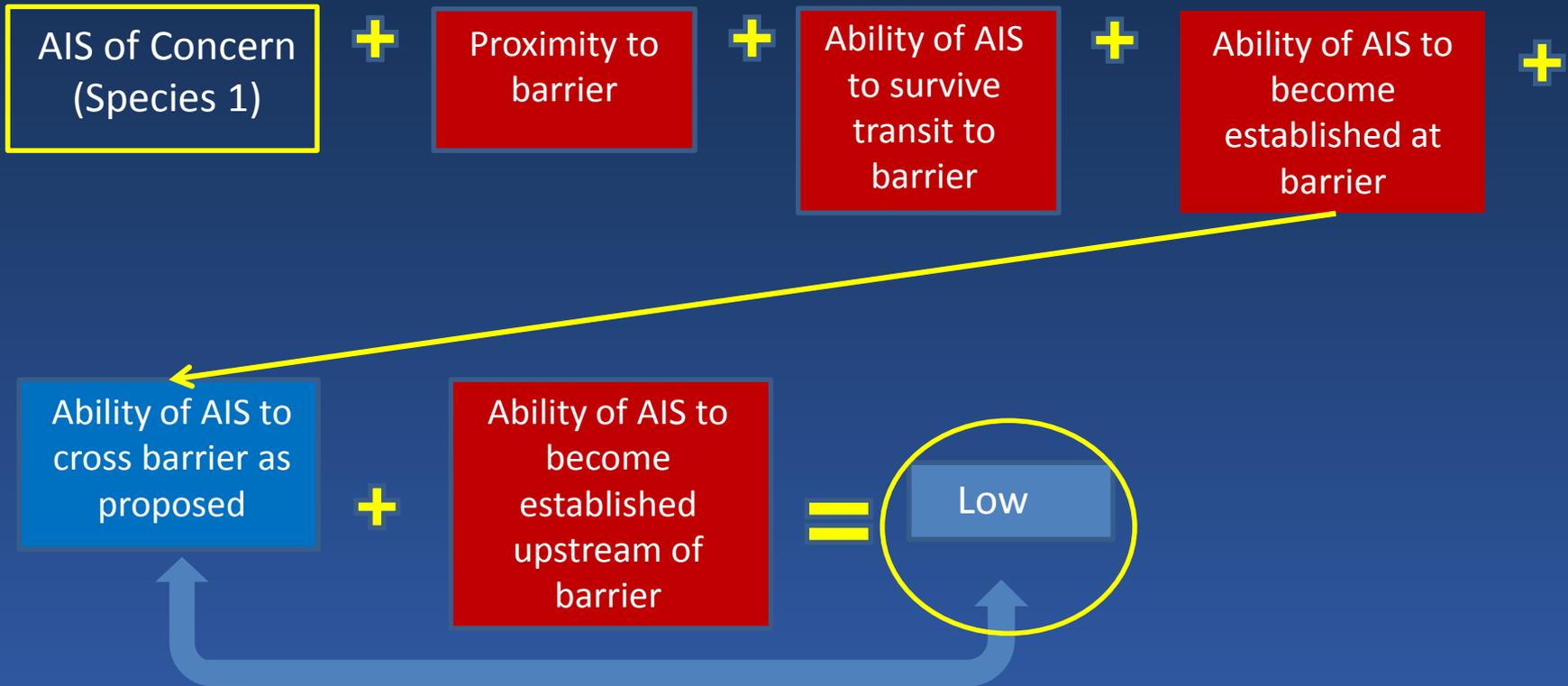
High Risk: Species B, D

Medium Risk: Species C

Low Risk: Species A, F, G, I, J, K, E, H, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U

Evaluate impact of passage on public trust.

Example 1. Identification of AIS of Concern.



Risk Level

High

Medium

Low

In this example the species 1 is **unlikely** to cross the barrier, therefore the overall risk of the species is **Low**

Identification of AIS of Concern

AIS of Concern	Proximity to Barrier	Ability to survive transit to barrier	Ability to become established at barrier	Ability to cross barrier	Ability to become established upstream of barrier	Final Risk for Species
Species A	High Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk
Species B	High Risk	High Risk	High Risk	High Risk	High Risk	High Risk
Species C	Medium Risk	Medium Risk	Medium Risk	Medium Risk	High Risk	Medium Risk
Species D	Medium Risk	High Risk	High Risk	High Risk	High Risk	Medium Risk
Species E	Medium Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk
Species F	High Risk	High Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk
Species G	High Risk	Medium Risk	Medium Risk	Medium Risk	Low Risk	Low Risk

High Risk Species
 Medium Risk Species
 Low Risk Species

Further evaluate only high and medium risk species.

Guidance – Concepts

Incomplete Barrier



2

Identification of
AIS of concern and
assessment of risk.

Potential impact
On Ecology, Economy,
Recreation and Aesthetics.

Regulatory
Decision

Will passage of all aquatic organisms
be in the public's interest?

Ecological

Aesthetic

Economic

Recreational

Positive Impacts _____

Negative Impacts _____

Neutral Impacts _____

Unknown Impacts _____

Summary – Considered for high, and medium risk AIS and native species.

Regulated Activity	Risk of Passing AIS will; (Increase, stay the same or decrease)	Overall Impact on Public Interests (Positive, No change, Negative)	Regulatory Decision (approve, deny, modify)
Construction of new barrier			
Modification at existing barrier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Operating procedures <input type="checkbox"/> Improve safety of barrier <input type="checkbox"/> Increase flood capacity <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Fish passage project at <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Complete barrier <input type="checkbox"/> Incomplete barrier 	_____ _____ _____ _____	_____ _____ _____ _____	_____ _____ _____ _____
Replace barrier (e.g. culvert, dam)			
Remove barrier			
Other: (e.g. Temporary Drawdown)			

Barrier being considered:

Objectives of Guidance

- Consider of our legal authority
- Aid resource managers in making decisions
- Help document decision
- Results in more consistent decisions
- Establishes guidance for complete barriers
- AIS sensitive

Questions/Comments

